

## 七、附录

### 附录 1: 优化模型遗传算法求解代码及其适应度函数 (yichuan.m 和 fitness.m)

```
(1) 遗传算法主程序 (文件名: yichuan.m)
%这里所求出旋转角度  $\theta$  减去 180 度与文中对应 !!
%运行时间大约 1 min
%运行时需将 A 题附件放入相同目录中
global t
t=1; %对第 t 个方向的投影数据进行参数优化

x0=46.4010; %旋转中心 x0 初始值
y0=59.4376; %旋转中心 y0 初始值
dn=0.2768; %光源距离初始值
k=0.6923; %比例系数 K 初始值
d0=66.9896; %基准线距第一条 X 射线的距离

chushizhi=zeros(6,10);
theta0=zeros(1,10);
global data1;
global data2;
data1=xlsread('A 题附件.xls',1);
data2=xlsread('A 题附件.xls',2);

lb=[117;46;51.5;61.5;0.26;0.68];
ub=[119+t;48.9;55.7;70;0.29;0.7];

%产生初始种群
for m=1:10
theta0(m)=118+t*0.98+rand()*5;
chushizhi(:,m)=[theta0(m),x0+rand()*0.5,y0+rand()*0.5,d0+rand(),dn+rand()*0.05,k+rand()*0.05]';
end
%chushizhi(:,10)=z; %利用较优个体作为初始种群
chushizhi=chushizhi';
options=gaoptimset('PopulationSize',10,'Generations',200,'InitialPopulation',chushizhi);
[z,val]=ga(@fitness,6,[],[],[],[],lb,ub,[],options);

%这里所求出旋转角度  $\theta$  减去 180 度与文中对应 !!

(2) 适应度函数 (文件名: fitness.m)
function obj=fitness(bianliang)
global data1;
global data2;
```

```

global t;

%bianliang=z; %检验
THETA=bianliang(1);
x0=bianliang(2)/100*256+54;
y0=bianliang(3)/100*256+54;
d0=x0-bianliang(4)/100*256;
dn=bianliang(5)/100*256;
k=bianliang(6);

IMG=data1;
[lt, wt] = size(IMG);
iDiag = sqrt(lt^2 + wt^2);
ld = ceil(iDiag - lt) + 2;
wd = ceil(iDiag - wt) + 2;
padIMG = zeros(lt+ld, wt+wd);
padIMG(ceil(ld/2):(ceil(ld/2)+lt-1), ...
        ceil(wd/2):(ceil(wd/2)+wt-1)) = k*IMG;

n = size(padIMG, 1);
x = linspace(1, 365, n);
[X1, Y1]=meshgrid(x, x);
s=zeros(1, 512);
for i=1:512
    s(i)=d0+(i-1)*dn;
end
[sx, sy]=meshgrid(s, x);
PR = zeros(512, 1);

%for i = 1:180
    i=1;
    theta = (90-THETA(i))*pi/180;
    X = cos(theta)*(sx-x0)+x0+ -sin(theta)*(sy-y0);
    Y = sin(theta)*(sx-x0)+ cos(theta)*(sy-y0)+y0;
    % 二维插值
    tmpimg = interp2(X1, Y1, padIMG, X, Y);
    tmpimg(isnan(tmpimg)) = 0;
    % 累加
    PR(:, i) = (sum(tmpimg))';
%end

pr=PR;
pp=data2(:, t);
obj=norm(pp-pr);

```

附录 2: 180 个方向角度

序号	$\theta/\text{度}$	序号	$\theta/\text{度}$	序号	$\theta/\text{度}$	序号	$\theta/\text{度}$	序号	$\theta/\text{度}$
1	-60.2967	37	-24.2350	73	11.6747	109	47.5138	145	83.2617
2	-58.9435	38	-23.2202	74	12.7115	110	48.5060	146	84.1805
3	-58.4254	39	-22.2225	75	13.7154	111	49.5190	147	85.1118
4	-57.3341	40	-21.2857	76	14.5419	112	50.5208	148	86.2685
5	-56.3043	41	-20.1952	77	15.6462	113	51.4609	149	87.1449
6	-55.3107	42	-19.1463	78	16.8351	114	52.4504	150	88.6246
7	-54.3002	43	-18.1577	79	17.6130	115	53.4494	151	89.9509
8	-53.3078	44	-17.2781	80	18.5806	116	54.3845	152	90.9994
9	-52.3122	45	-16.5567	81	19.6723	117	55.3803	153	92.0000
10	-51.2495	46	-15.2909	82	20.6029	118	56.3509	154	93.0000
11	-50.22	47	-14.1651	83	21.5183	119	57.4295	155	94.0000
12	-49.3297	48	-13.1403	84	22.2612	120	58.4608	156	95.0000
13	-48.3173	49	-12.4825	85	23.6229	121	59.4169	157	96.0000
14	-47.2956	50	-11.3356	86	24.6145	122	60.4275	158	97.0000
15	-46.3161	51	-10.3155	87	25.4120	123	61.3523	159	98.0000
16	-45.0912	52	-9.2958	88	26.3273	124	62.3655	160	98.8263
17	-44.2357	53	-8.2242	89	27.2953	125	63.3932	161	99.8246
18	-43.2116	54	-7.2031	90	28.7691	126	64.3551	162	100.9172
19	-42.2584	55	-6.5694	91	29.7621	127	65.3908	163	101.9085
20	-41.2585	56	-5.2393	92	30.6384	128	66.4252	164	102.7732
21	-40.1874	57	-4.1605	93	31.6379	129	67.4632	165	103.8476
22	-39.0825	58	-3.2054	94	32.6321	130	68.4733	166	104.8412
23	-38.1944	59	-2.1560	95	33.6445	131	69.5159	167	105.8720
24	-37.2177	60	-1.2175	96	34.6421	132	70.5026	168	106.7154
25	-36.2455	61	-0.2833	97	35.7309	133	71.4110	169	107.6914
26	-35.1394	62	0.6962	98	36.7393	134	72.3557	170	108.6776

27	-34.2304	63	1.8200	99	37.7400	135	73.4359	171	109.6540
28	-33.1695	64	2.5516	100	38.7410	136	74.4892	172	110.6817
29	-32.2621	65	3.6171	101	39.6178	137	75.4860	173	111.6492
30	-31.2381	66	4.6285	102	40.6211	138	76.4309	174	112.6334
31	-30.3495	67	5.8428	103	41.6258	139	77.3292	175	113.6086
32	-29.4376	68	6.3163	104	42.5254	140	78.2936	176	114.6067
33	-28.2953	69	7.5960	105	43.5246	141	79.3708	177	115.6106
34	-27.2949	70	8.7032	106	44.4887	142	80.3892	178	116.6488
35	-26.2543	71	9.7148	107	45.5191	143	81.5161	179	117.6440
36	-25.2763	72	10.5256	108	46.5214	144	82.4647	180	118.5965

附录3: SART算法程序 (文件名: SART.m)

```

x0=54.9014;
y0=46.6736;
dn=0.2765;
di=64.0266;
k=0.6973;
theta=reshape([ 29.7033  47.7416  65.7650  83.4306  101.6747  119.7621
137.5138  155.3908  173.2617  191.9085
 31.0565  48.7415  66.7798  84.7607  102.7115  120.6384  138.5059
156.4252  174.1805  192.7732
 31.5746  49.8126  67.7775  85.8395  103.7154  121.6379  139.5190
157.4632  175.1118  193.8476
 32.6659  50.9175  68.7143  86.7946  104.5419  122.6321  140.5209
158.4733  176.2685  194.8412
 33.6957  51.8056  69.8048  87.8440  105.6461  123.6444  141.4609
159.5159  177.1449  195.8720
 34.6893  52.7823  70.8537  88.7825  106.8351  124.6421  142.4504
160.5026  178.6246  196.7154
 35.6998  53.7545  71.8423  89.7167  107.6130  125.7309  143.4494
161.4110  179.9509  197.6914
 36.6922  54.8606  72.7219  90.6962  108.5806  126.7393  144.3845
162.3557  180.9994  198.6776
 37.6878  55.7696  73.4433  91.8200  109.6723  127.7400  145.3803
163.4359  182.0000  199.6540
 38.7505  56.8305  74.7091  92.5516  110.6029  128.7410  146.3509
164.4892  183.0000  200.6817
 39.7800  57.7379  75.8349  93.6171  111.5183  129.6177  147.4295
165.4860  184.0000  201.6492

```

```

40.6703  58.7619  76.8597  94.6285  112.2612  130.6211  148.4608
166.4309 185.0000 202.6334
41.6827  59.6505  77.5175  95.8428  113.6229  131.6258  149.4169
167.3292 186.0000 203.6086
42.7044  60.5624  78.6644  96.3163  114.6145  132.5254  150.4275
168.2936 187.0000 204.6067
43.6839  61.7047  79.6845  97.5960  115.4120  133.5246  151.3523
169.3708 188.0000 205.6106
44.9088  62.7051  80.7042  98.7032  116.3273  134.4887  152.3655
170.3892 188.8263 206.6488
45.7643  63.7457  81.7758  99.7148  117.2953  135.5191  153.3932
171.5161 189.8246 207.6440
46.7884  64.7237  82.7969 100.5256 118.7691  136.5214  154.3551
172.4647 190.9172 208.5965],1,[]);%读入 θ 度数
theta=theta*2.86/180-1.3;
x_start=zeros(256,256);
x_current=x_start;
x_new=x_current;
x_current0=reshape(x_current,1,[]);
x_new0=reshape(x_new,1,[]);
kongzhi=1;
%构建贡献矩阵
for j0=1:1
    for i0=1:512
        d=(i0-1)*dn-di;
        Mi0=zeros(256,256);
        for i=1:256
            for j=1:256
                xp=j*100/256;
                yp=100-100*i/256;
                if abs((1*yp-
tan(theta(j0))*xp+tan(theta(j0))*x0+tan(theta(j0))*d*sin(theta(j0))+d*cos(theta(j
0))-y0)...
/sqrt(1^2+(tan(theta(j0)))^2))<=100/512
                    Mi0(i,j)=1;
                end
            end
        end
        mi0_0=reshape(Mi0,1,[]);
        a(kongzhi,:)=mi0_0;
        kongzhi=kongzhi+1;
    end
end
end

```

```

p0=reshape(fujian6,1,[]);
%迭代过程, diedai为循环变量, 循环100次
for diedai=1:100
    for i=1:1*512
        p_star(i)=sum(a(i,:).*x_current0);
    end
    delta=p_star-p0;
    for j=1:65536
        X(j)=0;
        for i=1:512
            X(j)=X(j)+(a(i,j)*delta(i)/sum(a(i,:)))/sum(a(:,j));
        end
    end
    x_new0=x_current0-X;
    x_current0=x_new0;
end
shuchu=reshape(x_current0,256,[]);

```

#### 附录4: FBP算法程序 (文件名: FBP.m)

```

fujian1=xlsread('A题附件.xls',1);
fujian3=xlsread('A题附件.xls',3);
fujian4=xlsread('A题附件.xls',4);
fujian2=xlsread('A题附件.xls',2);
fujian5=xlsread('A题附件.xls',5);
R=fujian3;
theta=reshape(...
[ 29.7033  47.7416  65.7650  83.4306  101.6747  119.7621  137.5138
155.3908  173.2617  191.9085
  31.0565  48.7415  66.7798  84.7607  102.7115  120.6384  138.5059
156.4252  174.1805  192.7732
  31.5746  49.8126  67.7775  85.8395  103.7154  121.6379  139.5190
157.4632  175.1118  193.8476
  32.6659  50.9175  68.7143  86.7946  104.5419  122.6321  140.5209
158.4733  176.2685  194.8412
  33.6957  51.8056  69.8048  87.8440  105.6461  123.6444  141.4609
159.5159  177.1449  195.8720
  34.6893  52.7823  70.8537  88.7825  106.8351  124.6421  142.4504
160.5026  178.6246  196.7154
  35.6998  53.7545  71.8423  89.7167  107.6130  125.7309  143.4494
161.4110  179.9509  197.6914
  36.6922  54.8606  72.7219  90.6962  108.5806  126.7393  144.3845
162.3557  180.9994  198.6776
  37.6878  55.7696  73.4433  91.8200  109.6723  127.7400  145.3803
163.4359  182.0000  199.6540

```

```

38.7505 56.8305 74.7091 92.5516 110.6029 128.7410 146.3509
164.4892 183.0000 200.6817
39.7800 57.7379 75.8349 93.6171 111.5183 129.6177 147.4295
165.4860 184.0000 201.6492
40.6703 58.7619 76.8597 94.6285 112.2612 130.6211 148.4608
166.4309 185.0000 202.6334
41.6827 59.6505 77.5175 95.8428 113.6229 131.6258 149.4169
167.3292 186.0000 203.6086
42.7044 60.5624 78.6644 96.3163 114.6145 132.5254 150.4275
168.2936 187.0000 204.6067
43.6839 61.7047 79.6845 97.5960 115.4120 133.5246 151.3523
169.3708 188.0000 205.6106
44.9088 62.7051 80.7042 98.7032 116.3273 134.4887 152.3655
170.3892 188.8263 206.6488
45.7643 63.7457 81.7758 99.7148 117.2953 135.5191 153.3932
171.5161 189.8246 207.6440
46.7884 64.7237 82.7969 100.5256 118.7691 136.5214 154.3551
172.4647 190.9172 208.5965],1,[]);%读入θ的度数

```

```

kuandu=2^nextpow2(size(R,1)); bianhuan=fft(R,kuandu);
filter=2*[0:(kuandu/2-1),kuandu/2:-1:1]'/kuandu;
pinlvhanshu=zeros(kuandu,180);
for i=1:180
pinlvhanshu(:,i)=bianhuan(:,i).*filter;
end
fanhanshu=real(ifft(pinlvhanshu));
jieguo=zeros(384,384);
for i=1:180
rad=theta(i)*pi/180;
for x=(-384/2+1):384/2
for y=(-384/2+1):384/2
t=round(x*1.413*cos(rad+pi/2)+y*1.413*sin(rad+pi/2));
if t+round(size(R,1)/2)>=1&&t+round(size(R,1)/2)<=size(fanhanshu,1)
jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)=jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)+fanhanshu(t+...
round(size(R,1)/2),i);
else
end
end
end
end
jieguo=jieguo/180;
jieguo=jieguo*10/3;%根据附件2的数据对每点的吸收系数进行修正
%滤掉杂点

```

```

for i=1:384
    for j=1:384
        if jieguo(i,j)>=0.1
        else
            jieguo(i,j)=0;
        end
    end
end
end
for i=1:10
    chazhi3=jieguo(79:334,89:344);
z(i)=interp2(chazhi3,fujian4(i,1)*256/100,(100-fujian4(i,2))*256/100,...
'nearest');
end
subplot(1,1,1),imshow(jieguo(79:334,89:344)/1.5)
%原图像作图过于明亮，此处乘以一个小系数以保证图像清晰
%最终结果的 jieguo 矩阵为 384*384，实际的 256*256 矩阵存放于 chazhi3

```

附录5：迭代FBP算法程序（文件名：IAFBP.m）

```

fujian1=xlsread('A题附件.xls',1);
fujian3=xlsread('A题附件.xls',3);
fujian4=xlsread('A题附件.xls',4);
fujian2=xlsread('A题附件.xls',2);
fujian5=xlsread('A题附件.xls',5);
P=fujian1;
R=fujian5;
theta=reshape([ 29.7033  47.7416  65.7650  83.4306  101.6747  119.7621
137.5138  155.3908  173.2617  191.9085
 31.0565  48.7415  66.7798  84.7607  102.7115  120.6384  138.5059
156.4252  174.1805  192.7732
 31.5746  49.8126  67.7775  85.8395  103.7154  121.6379  139.5190
157.4632  175.1118  193.8476
 32.6659  50.9175  68.7143  86.7946  104.5419  122.6321  140.5209
158.4733  176.2685  194.8412
 33.6957  51.8056  69.8048  87.8440  105.6461  123.6444  141.4609
159.5159  177.1449  195.8720
 34.6893  52.7823  70.8537  88.7825  106.8351  124.6421  142.4504
160.5026  178.6246  196.7154
 35.6998  53.7545  71.8423  89.7167  107.6130  125.7309  143.4494
161.4110  179.9509  197.6914
 36.6922  54.8606  72.7219  90.6962  108.5806  126.7393  144.3845
162.3557  180.9994  198.6776
 37.6878  55.7696  73.4433  91.8200  109.6723  127.7400  145.3803
163.4359  182.0000  199.6540
 38.7505  56.8305  74.7091  92.5516  110.6029  128.7410  146.3509

```



```

164.4892 183.0000 200.6817
    39.7800  57.7379  75.8349  93.6171 111.5183 129.6177 147.4295
165.4860 184.0000 201.6492
    40.6703  58.7619  76.8597  94.6285 112.2612 130.6211 148.4608
166.4309 185.0000 202.6334
    41.6827  59.6505  77.5175  95.8428 113.6229 131.6258 149.4169
167.3292 186.0000 203.6086
    42.7044  60.5624  78.6644  96.3163 114.6145 132.5254 150.4275
168.2936 187.0000 204.6067
    43.6839  61.7047  79.6845  97.5960 115.4120 133.5246 151.3523
169.3708 188.0000 205.6106
    44.9088  62.7051  80.7042  98.7032 116.3273 134.4887 152.3655
170.3892 188.8263 206.6488
    45.7643  63.7457  81.7758  99.7148 117.2953 135.5191 153.3932
171.5161 189.8246 207.6440
    46.7884  64.7237  82.7969 100.5256 118.7691 136.5214 154.3551
172.4647 190.9172 208.5965],1,[]);

```

```

kuandu=2^nextpow2(size(R,1)); %为FFT变换指定宽度
%FFT变换
bianhuan=fft(R,kuandu);
filter=2*[0:(kuandu/2-1),kuandu/2:-1:1]'/kuandu;
pinlvhanshu=zeros(kuandu,180);
for i=1:180
pinlvhanshu(:,i)=bianhuan(:,i).*filter;
end
%反变换
fanhanshu=real(ifft(pinlvhanshu));
jieguo=zeros(384,384);
for i=1:180
rad=theta(i)*pi/180;%化为弧度制
for x=(-384/2+1):384/2
for y=(-384/2+1):384/2
t=round(x*1.413*cos(rad+pi/2)+y*1.413*sin(rad+pi/2));
if t+round(size(R,1)/2)>=1&&t+round(size(R,1)/2)<=size(fanhanshu,1)
jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)=jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)+...
fanhanshu(t+round(size(R,1)/2),i);
else
end
end
end
end
jieguo=jieguo/180;
jieguo1=jieguo;

```

```

shuchu=zeros(384,384);
for i=1:384
    for j=1:384
        if jieguo(i,j)>=0
            shuchu(i,j)=jieguo(i,j);
        else
            end
    end
end

for xunhuan=1:5
    A=radon(shuchu,theta,768);
    A0=zeros(768,180);
    for i=1:768
        for j=1:180
            if A(i,j)>=0
                A0=A;
            else
                end
        end
    end
    pd=R-A0(129:640,:);
    kuandu=2^nextpow2(size(pd,1)); bianhuan=fft(pd,kuandu);
    filter=2*[0:(kuandu/2-1),kuandu/2:-1:1]'/kuandu;
    pinlvhanshu=zeros(kuandu,180);
    for i=1:180
        pinlvhanshu(:,i)=bianhuan(:,i).*filter;
    end
    fanhanshu=real(iffth(pinlvhanshu));
    jieguo=zeros(384,384);
    for i=1:180
        rad=theta(i)*pi/180;
        for x=(-384/2+1):384/2
            for y=(-384/2+1):384/2
                t=round(x*1.413*cos(rad+pi/2)+y*1.413*sin(rad+pi/2));
                if t+round(size(R,1)/2)>=1&& t+round(size(R,1)/2)<=size(fanhanshu,1)
                    jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)=jieguo(x+384/2,y+384/2)+...
                    fanhanshu(t+round(size(R,1)/2),i);
                else
                    end
            end
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

jieguo=jieguo/180;
%保持每次结果非负
jieguo0=zeros(384,384);
for i=1:384
    for j=1:384
        if jieguo(i,j)>=0
            jieguo0(i,j)=jieguo(i,j);
        else
            end
        end
    end
end

shuchu=jieguo0+shuchu;
end
shuchu=shuchu*100/85;
%滤掉杂点
for i=1:384
    for j=1:384
        if shuchu(i,j)>=0.1
            else
                shuchu(i,j)=0;
            end
        end
    end
end
end
%画出图象，此处除以三也是由于原图像太亮无法看清细节
subplot(1,1,1),imshow(shuchu(79:334,89:344)/3)
%插值
for i=1:10
    chazhi5=shuchu(79:334,89:344);
y(i)=interp2(chazhi5,fujian4(i,1)*256/100,(100-fujian4(i,2))*256/100,'nearest');
end
%最终得到的 256*256 矩阵存放于 chazhi5 中

```